

## **REMARKS/ARGUMENTS**

In response to the Office Action mailed May 30, 2007, Applicants amend their application and request reconsideration in view of the proposed amendments and the following remarks. In this amendment, Claims 1 is amended, no claims have been added, Claims 2 and 19 were previously cancelled without prejudice and Claims 18 and 20-34 have been withdrawn from consideration so that Claims 1, 3-18 and 20-34 are currently pending. No new matter has been introduced.

Claims 1- 3 were rejected as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,234,447 to Kaster et al. (Kaster) in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,113,612 to Swanson et al. (Swanson) and Claims 4-17 were rejected as being unpatentable over Swanson. These rejections are respectfully traversed.

The MPEP, in section 706.02(j), sets forth the basic criteria that must be met in order to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness:

To establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness, three basic criteria must be met. First, there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or to combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Finally, the prior art reference (or references when combined) must teach or suggest all the claim limitations. The teaching or suggestion to make the claimed combination and the reasonable expectation of success must both be found in the prior art and not based on applicant's disclosure. *In re Vaeck*, 947 F.2d,488,20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed.Cir. 1991). See MPEP § 2143 - § 2143.03 for decisions pertinent to each of these criteria.

Section 2143.03 of the MPEP clarifies certain criteria in section 706.02(j).

“To establish *prima facie* obviousness of a claimed invention, all the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art. *In re Royka*, 490F.2d 981, 180 USPQ 580 (CCPA 1074). “All words in a claim must be considered in judging the patentability of that claim against the prior art.” *In re Wilson*, 424 F.2d 1382, 1385, 165 USPQ

494, 496 (CCPA 1970). If an independent claim is nonobvious under 35 U.S.C. 103, then any claim depending therefrom is nonobvious. *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988).”

Kaster discloses a side-to-end vascular anastomotic staple apparatus. The apparatus includes a stapling tool, a staple forming tool and a staple. The staple includes a plurality of vessel and interior wall engaging members and a plurality of exterior wall engaging members. Each of the two groups of members are operably joined through the use of a connecting unit comprising a band.

Swanson discloses an anastomosis device for joining tubular body fluid conduits. The device comprises a number of sections in a complicated structure. However, Swanson fails to disclose or even suggest the unique combination of Claim 1. Specifically, Swanson fails to disclose the fastening flange and surgical clips as claimed, in Claim 1. Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The present invention, as claimed in amended Claim 1, is directed to a device for joining substantially tubular organisms. The device comprises an anastomosis device, a biocompatible vehicle and at least one therapeutic agent. The anastomosis device includes a fastening flange and a plurality of staples attached thereto and having sharpened ends and barbs. The fastening flange comprises a single wire ring structure having a rippled wave-like configuration for a reduced profile delivery and the staples are configured to spring on delivery and to conform to an inverted loop for fastening.

None of the references, whether taken alone or in combination disclose or suggest the unique structure of amended claim 1. Specifically, the references fail to disclose or suggest a wire ring structure having a rippled wave-like configuration for reducing delivery profile. Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

A favorable Action on the merits is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

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